```
=> File .Biotech
=> s (albumin(5a)composition# or preparation# or solution#)
       5150757 (ALBUMIN(5A) COMPOSITION# OR PREPARATION# OR SOLUTION#)
=> s l1 and (amino acid#)
   2 FILES SEARCHED...
   6 FILES SEARCHED...
        263128 L1 AND (AMINO ACID#)
T<sub>1</sub>2
=> s 12 and (branched or leucine or isoleucine or valine)
         72795 L2 AND (BRANCHED OR LEUCINE OR ISOLEUCINE OR VALINE)
=> s 13 and (aromatic or phenylalanine or tryptophan or tyrosine)
         51325 L3 AND (AROMATIC OR PHENYLALANINE OR TRYPTOPHAN OR TYROSINE)
L4
=> s 14 and (liver disease#)
          1605 L4 AND (LIVER DISEASE#)
=> s 15 and (hepatic encephalopathy)
           158 L5 AND (HEPATIC ENCEPHALOPATHY)
=> s 16 and (serum albumin)
           124 L6 AND (SERUM ALBUMIN)
=> s 17 and (branched amino acids)
             0 L7 AND (BRANCHED AMINO ACIDS)
=> s 17 and (phenylalanine or tyrosine)
           122 L7 AND (PHENYLALANINE OR TYROSINE)
=> s Yukio, Nakamura\au
             0 YUKIO, NAKAMURA\AU
L10
=> s Ykio, N/au
L11
             0 YKIO, N/AU
=> s Nakamura Yukio/au
          724 NAKAMURA YUKIO/AU
L12
=> s 112 and 19
L13
             0 L12 AND L9
=> s Tsutsui Yasuhiro/au
           41 TSUTSUI YASUHIRO/AU
=> s 19 and 114
L15
             0 L9 AND L14
=> s Sato Makoto/au
L16
          1513 SATO MAKOTO/AU
=> s 19 and 116
L17
            0 L9 AND L16
=> s 19 and 112 or 14 or 116
     6000278 L9 AND L12 OR 14 OR L16
=> s l18 and (albumin preparation)
L19
            70 L18 AND (ALBUMIN PREPARATION)
=> s 119 and (amino acid containin)
   6 FILES SEARCHED...
             0 L19 AND (AMINO ACID CONTAININ)
=> s 119 and (amino acid-containing)
   6 FILES SEARCHED...
```

```
L21
             O L19 AND (AMINO ACID-CONTAINING)
=> s 119 and (Fisher ratio or molar ratio)
             4 L19 AND (FISHER RATIO OR MOLAR RATIO)
=> d 122 1-4 bib ab
L22 ANSWER 1 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:140892 USPATFULL
TI
       Sodium hyaluronate microspheres
       Dehazya, Philip, Westbury, NY, UNITED STATES
Lu, Cheng, Livingston, NJ, UNITED STATES
TN
       Clear Solutions Biotech, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PA
PI
       US 2003096734
                           Α1
                                20030522
       US 2002-310629
ΑI
                           Α1
                                20021205 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-695445, filed on 24 Oct 2000, ABANDONED
RIJ
דת
FS
       APPLICATION
       DARBY & DARBY P.C., Post Office Box 5257, New York, NY, 10150-5257
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 908
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The present invention relates to microspheres comprising hyaluronan
       derivatized with a bifunctional crosslinker to form microspheres.
       Methods of making such microspheres, comprising mixing hyaluronic acid
       and a dihydrazide with a crosslinker in an aqueous solution, adding a
       solvent and an emulsifying agent to form an emulsion, and lowering the
       pH of the emulsion to allow intramolecular and intermolecular
       crosslinking to occur, are also disclosed. The invention also provides
       for pharmaceutical or cosmetic formulations based on the microspheres
       described herein, further containing one or more active or cosmetic
       agents, and methods of using such formulations.
L22 ANSWER 2 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:67188 USPATFULL
TI
       Erythropoietin composition
       Papadimitriou, Apollon, Bichl, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF
TN
PΙ
       US 2002037841
                                20020328
                        A1
                                20010511 (9)
       US 2001-853731
ΑI
                          Α1
       EP 2000-110355
                           20000515
PRAI
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       HOFFMANN-LA ROCHE INC., PATENT LAW DEPARTMENT, 340 KINGSLAND STREET,
LREP
       NUTLEY, NJ, 07110
       Number of Claims: 66
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       6 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1902
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The present invention relates to a liquid pharmaceutical composition
       comprising an erythropoietin protein, a multiple charged inorganic anion
       in a pharmaceutically acceptable buffer suitable to keep the solution pH
       in the range from about 5.5 to about 7.0, and optionally one or more
       pharmaceutically acceptable excipients. This composition is especially
       useful for the prophylaxis and treatment of diseases related to
       erythropoiesis.
L22 ANSWER 3 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
       1999:155890 USPATFULL
AN
       Method for binding albumin and means to be used in the method
TT
IN
       Pilotti, .ANG.ke, Taby, Sweden
       Regberg, Tor, Stockholm, Sweden
```

Ellstrom, Christel, Uppsala, Sweden

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Lindqvist, Charlotta, Uppsala, Sweden
       Eckersten, Ann, Uppsala, Sweden
Fagerstam, Lars, Uppsala, Sweden
       Amersham Pharmacia Biotech AB, Uppsala, Sweden (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
PΤ
       US 5994507
                                19991130
       US 1997-1940
AΙ
                                19971231 (9)
DT
       Utility
       Granted
FS
       Primary Examiner: Russel, Jeffrey E.
EXNAM
       Birch, Stewart, Kolasch & Birch, LLP
LREP
       Number of Claims: 36
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 1240
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A method for binding albumin by contacting an aqueous liquid containing
       an albumin with an albumin-binding compound is selected from
       albumin-binding compounds containing the scaffold -- CO--NH--C(.dbd.C--)--
       CO--, and conjugates that are capable of binding albumin and exhibiting
       the scaffold --CO--NH--C(.dbd.C--)--CO--.
L22
     ANSWER 4 OF 4 USPATFULL on STN
       84:60882 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Amines coupled wth dicyclic dianhydrides capable of being radiolabeled
IN
       Hnatowich, Donald J., Worcester, MA, United States
PΑ
       Trustees of the University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, United States
       (U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 4479930
                                19841030
AΙ
       US 1982-401834
                                19820726 (6)
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
       Primary Examiner: Nucker, Christine M.
EXNAM
       Cook, Paul J., Gilbert, Lawrence
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 18
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 7
       4 Drawing Figure(s); 4 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 551
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A dicyclic dianhydride rapidly and efficiently couples with a broad
AΒ
       variety of amines such as polypeptides and proteins in non-aqueous or
       aqueous media and then may be chelated with a wide choice of
       radioisotope metallic cations to yield a radio-labeled product that is
       stable in vivo. A simple 1-step synthesis of the coupled amine in
       aqueous solution of neutral pH is described which requires only a few
       minutes time and with little accompanying hydrolysis.
=> s 19 and (hepatic malfunctions)
             0 L9 AND (HEPATIC MALFUNCTIONS)
L23
=> s 19 and 119
             0 L9 AND L19
=> s 112 and 122
             0 L12 AND L22
L25
=> s 119 and (albumin preparation containing amino acids)
             O L19 AND (ALBUMIN PREPARATION CONTAINING AMINO ACIDS)
=> s (amino acid containing albumin preparation)
   6 FILES SEARCHED...
           141 (AMINO ACID CONTAINING ALBUMIN PREPARATION)
=> s 119 and 127
```

```
0 L19 AND L27
1,28
=> s 127 and 112
            0 L27 AND L12
=> s 127 and 112 or 114 or 116
         1550 L27 AND L12 OR L14 OR L16
=> s 122 and 130
         0 L22 AND L30
L31
=> s 130 and (Fisher ratio or molar ratio)
             8 L30 AND (FISHER RATIO OR MOLAR RATIO)
L32
=> d 132 1-8 bib ab
L32 ANSWER 1 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
     2000:513535 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     133:109931
    Amino acid-containing albumin preparations
TТ
    Nakamura, Yukio; Tsutsui, Yasuhiro; Sato, Makoto
IN
PΑ
    Nissho Corporation, Japan
    PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
SO
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
    Japanese
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                           _____
     _____
                     ----
     WO 2000043035
                     A1 20000727
                                           WO 2000-JP162 20000114
PI
         W: JP, US
         RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL,
             PT, SE
                      A1 20011114
                                           EP 2000-900402
                                                          20000114
     EP 1153609
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
PRAI JP 1999-10628 A 19990119
     WO 2000-JP162
                      W
                           20000114
     The invention relates to albumin prepns. wherein the effects of preventing
     the onset of hepatic encephalopathy and relieving the symptoms thereof
     shown by conventional amino acid prepns. have been potentiated. These
     amino acid-contg. albumin prepns. contain from 0.01 to 1.0 w/v of albumin
     and from 5 to 10 w/v% of two or more amino acids including branched ones
     (the content of the branched amino acids amounting to 30 wt./wt.% or more
     of the total amino acids) and have a Fischer ratio (branched amino
     acid/[phenylalanine + tyrosine (molar ratio)]) of 20
     or above.
RE.CNT 1
              THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L32 ANSWER 2 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
     1984:85199 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     100:85199
TI
     Substrate selectivity of the phenyllithium activated Fe4S4Cl42- cluster as
     a catalyst in the hydrogenation of octenes with hydrogen gas
     Inoue, Hiroo; Sato, Makoto
ΑU
     Dep. Appl. Chem., Univ. Osaka Prefect., Osaka, 591, Japan Journal of the Chemical Society, Chemical Communications (1983), (18),
CS
SO
     983-4
     CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936
DT
     Journal
LA
    English
AB
     PhLi-activated Fe4S4Cl4(Bu4N)2 (I) exhibits remarkable substrate
     selectivity in the hydrogenation of terminal vs. internal double bonds
```

when the amt. of PhLi is controlled or HMPT is used as a cosolvent. E.g.,

ratio of PhLi and I gave 85% octane, whereas hydrogenation of trans-oct-2-ene, -3-ene, and -4-ene under these conditions gave octane in 3, 1, and 0% yield, resp.

```
hydrogenation of trans-oct-1-ene in Et2O-HMPT using a 12:1 molar
L32 ANSWER 3 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
AN
     1975:43841 CAPLUS
DN
     82:43841
ΤI
     Melamine resin. VII. Salt effects on the acid-catalyzed
     hydroxymethylation of melamine with formaldehyde
     Sato, Kenji; Abe, Yoshimoto; Sato, Makoto
AU
     Dep. Ind. Eng. Chem., Sci. Univ. Tokyo, Noda, Japan Kobunshi Ronbunshu (1974), 31(9), 535-40
CS
SO
     CODEN: KBRBA3; ISSN: 0386-2186
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     Japanese
AΒ
     The overall reaction rate const. (k) of hydroxymethylation of melamine (I)
     [108-78-1] by formaldehyde [50-00-0] in the presence of perchloric acid
     [7601-90-3] as catalyst increased with increasing concn. of a salt, e.g.
     sodium chloride [7647-14-5], (i.e. increasing ionic strength .mu.) at
     HClO4/I molar ratio 5.0. At a low salt concn. log k
     varied linearly with .mu.0.5 (with a slope .apprx.1). At HClO4-I
     molar ratio <1 no salt effect was found.
L32 ANSWER 4 OF 8 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
     1973:128231 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     78:128231
TI
     Sequestering agents for metals present in waste waters based on
     high-molecular-weight fatty acid esters
IN
     Izumi, Gaku; Sato, Makoto
PΑ
     Agency of Industrial Sciences and Technology
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
     Japanese
     PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO. DATE
```

LAFAN.CNT 1

PI

---------______ JP 48000385 B4 19730106 JP 1971-37975 19710501 JP 50004633 19750000 JΡ

The chelating agent employed is an ester of a high fatty acid from whale AB oil, palm oil, compds. A fatty acid with > 10 C atoms is preferred. The enter is first halogenated with Cl. The halogenation can be made at low temp., where addn. occurs, or at high temp., where substitution occurs. Excitation by uv increases the reaction rate. The resulting product is a viscious liq. or solid sol. in CCl4. The molar ratio of halogen to the ester is 0.5-2.0. The by-product with polyamines at > 100.degree.. At that temp., there is no essential need for a catalyst. Yet the addition of catalyst e.g., NaOH, KOH increases the reaction rate. Cu, Zn, Cd, Hg, Fe, Ni, Co, Mn, and Cr can be removed by this chelating agent.

```
ΑN
       2001:114649 USPATFULL
       Fluororubber compositions
TI
       Osawa, Yasuhisa, Usui-gun, Japan
IN
       Sato, Shinichi, Usui-gun, Japan
       Matsuda, Takashi, Usui-gun, Japan
         Sato, Makoto, Usui-gun, Japan
PΤ
       US 2001008914
                        A1
                              20010719
       US 6576701
                         B2
                               20030610
      US 2000-729774
ΑI
                         A1 20001206 (9)
PRAI
      JP 1999-346691
                          19991206
      Utility
DT
FS
      APPLICATION
```

L32 ANSWER 5 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

```
LREP
       MILLEN, WHITE, ZELANO & BRANIGAN, P.C., Arlington Courthouse Plaza I,
       Suite 1400, 2200 Clarendon Boulevard, Arlington, VA, 22201
       Number of Claims: 6
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 742
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A crosslinkable fluororubber composition comprising (A) a perfluoro
       compound having at least two alkenyl groups and a divalent
       perfluoroalkylene or perfluoropolyether structure in the backbone or a
       polymer obtained by adding a compound having at least two hydrosilyl
       groups in the molecule to some alkenyl groups on the perfluoro compound,
       (B) a reinforcing filler, (C) a addition reaction crosslinking agent having a hydrosilyl group or a peroxide crosslinking agent, and (D) a
       surface treating agent having at least one fluoroalkyl or
       fluoropolyalkyl ether group and silanol groups is improved in heat
       resistance in the cured state by adding thereto (E) a heat resistance
       modifier selected from carbon black, metal oxides and metal hydroxides.
L32 ANSWER 6 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN
       95:110525 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Method for the preparation of diorganopolysiloxane end-blocked with
       silanolic hydroxy groups
       Sato, Makoto, Gunma, Japan
IN
       Furuya, Masaaki, Gunma, Japan
       Maruyama, Masao, Gunma, Japan
       Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
PΑ
PΙ
       US 5475077
                                19951212
                                19910227 (7)
ΑI
       US 1991-661160
       Utility
DT
FS
       Granted
       Primary Examiner: Bleutge, John C.; Assistant Examiner: Dean, Karen A.
EXNAM
       Millen, White, Zelano, & Branigan
       Number of Claims: 10
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       A silanol-terminated diorganopolysiloxane can be reproducibly imparted
AΒ
       with a viscosity as desired by the alkali-catalyzed ring-opening or
       siloxane rearrangement reaction from a cyclic or linear-chain
       diorganosiloxane oligomer by conducting, instead of exactly controlling
       the water content in the starting reaction mixture as in the prior art
       method, the reaction at least in the latter stage thereof under a
       controlled water-vapor pressure until neutralization of the alkali
       catalyst after equilibrium of the reaction has been reached according to
       the discovery that the viscosity or degree of polymerization of the
       silanol-terminated diorganopolysiloxane is a function of the water-vapor
       pressure, under which the reaction is brought into equilibrium, at the
       respective temperature.
L32 ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN
       92:12908 USPATFULL
ΑN
       Catalyst for polymerization of organosiloxanes
TΙ
IN
       Watanuki, Isao, Annaka, Japan
       Kodana, Nobuhiko, Annaka, Japan
         Sato, Makoto, Annaka, Japan
PA
       Shin-Etsu Chemical Co., Ltd., Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
       US 5089450
                                19920218
ΡI
       US 1991-647354
ΑI
                                19910129 (7)
       JP 1990-20296
PRAI
                            19900130
       Utility
DТ
       Granted
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Garvin, Patrick P.; Assistant Examiner: Peebles, Brent
```

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Oblon, Spivak, McClelland, Maier & Neustadt
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 10
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       No Drawings
LN.CNT 359
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The process of producing a catalyst for polymerization of
AB
       organosiloxanes comprises heat-treating a mixture of an aqueous solution
       of a tetraalkylphosphonium hydroxide, such as tetramethylphosphonium
       hydroxide, and a cyclic or noncyclic siloxane component, thereby
       controlling the water content of the system so that the molar
       ratio of the amount of water in the system to the amount of the
       quaternary phosphonium hydroxide component in the system will be from
       3.0 to 4.0. The process ensures that the crystallization of the
       tetraalkylphosphonium hydroxide component in the catalyst is obviated
       effectively.
L32 ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN
       77:56219 USPATFULL
       Method for selectively capturing metal ions
TI
IN
       Izumi, Gaku, Sendai, Japan
         Sato, Makoto, Sendai, Japan
       Shoji, Sakae, Tagajo, Japan
       Director-General of the Agency of Industrial Science and Technology,
PA
       Tokyo, Japan (non-U.S. corporation)
                                19771018
PΤ
       US 4054516
       US 1975-625144
                                19751023 (5)
AΙ
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1974-447913, filed on 4 Mar 1974,
       now abandoned
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
       Primary Examiner: Wyse, Thomas G. Daniel, William J.
EXNAM
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 4
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       7 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 376
       A method for selectively capturing metal ions by treating a solution
AB
       conting ions of heavy metals, such as cupric ions, zinc ions, etc., at
       an adjusted pH value with a metal capturing agent comprising a
       condensation product of a higher fatty acid or derivative thereof with
       an excess of a polyamine, for example, a condensation product of
       decanoic acid and a polyamine. Heavy metal ions contained in effluents
       from mines and factories are selectively captured and separated
       according to this method.
=> s 132 and (albumin preparation)
             0 L32 AND (ALBUMIN PREPARATION)
=> s albumin preparation and (112 or 118 or 119 or 127 or 130)
            70 ALBUMIN PREPARATION AND (L12 OR L18 OR L19 OR L27 OR L30)
L34
=> s 134 and (132)
             0 L34 AND (L32)
L35
=> s 134 and (Fischer ratio or molar ratio)
             4 L34 AND (FISCHER RATIO OR MOLAR RATIO)
=> s 134 and 135
L37
             0 L34 AND L35
=> s 132 and 134
L38
             0 L32 AND L34
=> s 132 and (119 or 127 or 134)
```

=>

---Logging off of STN---

=>

Executing the logoff script...

=> LOG Y

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 13:42:35 ON 21 SEP 2003